

Retrieving DNA from the iGEM distribution kit

Introduction

Adapted by Jacob Mejlsted from [iGEM's protocol](#)

Materials

› Materials

- › Resuspended DNA to be transformed
- › 10pg/μl Positive transformation control DNA (e.g. pSB1C3 w/ BBa_J04450, RFP on high-copy chloramphenicol resistant plasmid. Located in the [Competent Cell Test Kit](#).)
- › Competent Cells (50μl per sample)
- › 1.5mL Microtubes
- › SOC Media (950μL per sample)
- › Petri plates w/ LB agar and antibiotic (2 per sample)

› Equipment

- › Floating Foam Tube Rack
- › Ice & ice bucket
- › Lab Timer
- › 42°C water bath
- › 37°C incubator
- › Sterile spreader or glass beads
- › Microcentrifuge

Procedure

Method: Day 1

1. Resuspend DNA in selected wells in the Distribution Kit with 10μl dH₂O. Pipet up and down several times, let sit for a few minutes. Resuspension will be red from cresol red dye.
2. Label 1.5ml tubes with part name or well location. Fill lab ice bucket with ice, and pre-chill 1.5ml tubes (one tube for each transformation, including your control) in a floating foam tube rack.
3. **Thaw competent cells on ice:** This may take 10-15min for a 260μl stock. Dispose of unused competent cells. Do not refreeze unused thawed cells, as it will drastically reduce transformation efficiency.
4. **Pipette 50μl of competent cells into 1.5ml tube:** 50μl in a 1.5ml tube per transformation. Tubes should be labeled, pre-chilled, and in a floating tube rack for support. Keep all tubes on ice. Don't forget a 1.5ml tube for your control.
5. **Pipette 1μl of resuspended DNA into 1.5ml tube:** Pipette from well into appropriately labeled tube. Gently pipette up and down a few times. Keep all tubes on ice.

6. **Pipette 1µl of control DNA into 2ml tube:** Pipette 1µl of 10pg/µl control into your control transformation. Gently pipette up and down a few times. Keep all tubes on ice.
7. **Close 1.5ml tubes, incubate on ice for 30min:** Tubes may be gently agitated/flicked to mix solution, but return to ice immediately.
8. **Heat shock tubes at 42°C for 45 sec:** 1.5ml tubes should be in a floating foam tube rack. Place in water bath to ensure the bottoms of the tubes are submerged. Timing is critical.
9. **Incubate on ice for 5min:** Return transformation tubes to ice bucket.
10. **Pipette 950µl SOC media to each transformation:** SOC should be stored at 4°C, but can be warmed to room temperature before use. Check for contamination.
11. **Incubate at 37°C for 1 hours, shaking at 200-300rpm**
12. **Pipette 100µL of each transformation onto petri plates** Spread with sterilized spreader or glass beads immediately. This helps ensure that you will be able to pick out a single colony.
13. **Incubate transformations overnight (14-18hr) at 37°C:** Incubate the plates upside down (agar side up). If incubated for too long, colonies may overgrow and the antibiotics may start to break down; un-transformed cells will begin to grow.

Method: Day 2

14. **Pick single colonies:** Pick single colonies from transformations: do a colony PCR to verify part size, make [glycerol stocks](#), grow up cell cultures and [miniprep](#).
15. **Count colonies for control transformation:** Count colonies on the 100µl control plate and [calculate your competent cell efficiency](#). Competent cells should have an efficiency of 1.5×10^8 to 6×10^8 cfu/µg DNA.